The International Association of National Public Health Institutes (IANPHI) collectively builds public health capacity and capabilities by connecting, developing and strengthening national public health institutes worldwide.

What Are National Public Health Institutes?

National public health institutes (NPHIs) are science-based organizations that provide national leadership and coordination for public health, often under the ministry of health or closely attached to it. They vary in scope and size. Their core public health functions often include:

- Evaluation and analysis of health status
- Public health surveillance, problem investigation, and control of risks and threats to public health
- Reduction of the impact of emergencies and disasters on health
- Public health research
- Human resource development and training
- Public health laboratory services

What Makes IANPHI Unique?

IANPHI is the only global organization that strengthens NPHIs using an evidence-based international framework for development, a peer-to-peer model and targeted investments.

IANPHI’s unique focus on NPHIs has led to improvements in capacity, including outbreak surveillance and response for COVID-19, Ebola, Zika, and other urgent threats that require swift, comprehensive public health cooperation across borders. IANPHI members also exchange best practices and technical capacity for major threats to public health such as tobacco use, and risk factors for chronic conditions such as diabetes and heart disease.
We are a global community of 115 national public health institutes in 98 countries whose scientific advisors work together to protect and improve the public’s health and build a more equitable world.

There cannot be a more important moment to recognize the critical contribution of national public health institutes to protecting and improving the health of our citizens.

– Professor Duncan Selbie, president of IANPHI

Learn more at www.ianphi.org